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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/729,072	12/04/2000	Jian Zhang	SHA-139	6444	
7590 09/29/2006		EXAMINER			
Rabin & Berdo, P.C.			CHOUDHURY, AZIZUL Q		
Suite 500				D. NO. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	
1101 14th Street, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Washington, DC 20005			2145		
			DATE MAILED: 09/29/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
09/729,072	ZHANG ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Azizul Choudhury .	2145		

•	Examiner	7111 01111					
	Azizul Choudhury .	2145					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 05 September 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	ving replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in c ce with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mu	idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)				
The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of the final rejection. The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In							
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN							
	TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any external a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th					
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,			ecause				
 (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); 							
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or		ducing or simplifying	the issues for				
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally rej	ected claims.					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.13	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).				
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)			(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be al non-allowable claim(s).		timely filed amendme	ent canceling the				
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is protected. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		ll be entered and an e	explanation of				
Claim(s) allowed:							
Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and 	It before or on the date of filing a North	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> vit or other evidence i	ot be entered s necessary and				
was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).		the contraction	20 A fr				
The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).							
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER							
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	it does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowa	nce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).							
13.							
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JASON CARDONE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The remarks are not deemed persuasive. The applicant first suggests that "VS" may stand for "virtual server." No such statement was disclosed within the prior art and in fact, since there exists a "VS client," it is unlikely that "VS" stands for "virtual server." The applicant then contends that the Diaz prior art teaches nothing about sending control information from view station to a field terminal. The Diaz prior art clearly illustrates in Figure 7 bidirectional arrows between the cameras (field terminals) and the remote consoles (view stations). If there were simply a link without data flow of some sort between the two, it is well known that a simple line would have sufficed in the art. But bi-directional arrows were illustrated and that is well known in the art to mean data flowing in both directions between the two connected devices. The claimed "control information" as described in the specifications constitutes almost any type of data and the type of data sent and received in Figure 7 was never limited by the Diaz prior art. Third the applicant contends that their claimed design uses E1 frames via E1 channels and that the Diaz prior art makes use of coaxial cables. The applicant contends that an E1 channel is ordinarily known as a telephone-type link. This is incorrect. E1 is a standard for data transfer that is rated at 2.048 million bits per second. Any medium capable of sending that amount of data can be an E1 channel. Coaxial cables are capable of sending 2.048 million bits per second. Another contention involves the applicant suggesting that Diaz's design does not allow for an ethernet network. Diaz teaches in column 4, lines 49-52 that any data link supporting TCP/IP is acceptable, hence means for ethernet networks are present. Finally, the applicant contends that the claimed invention allows for sending audio data to the field terminals. The examiner stands by the reasoning provided in the office rejection where it was stated that Diaz's design teaches that the user that the remote console (view station) is able to receive and transfer data from/to the video cameras (field terminals) (Figure 7).